The Sonoma News.

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THE TERESA IS OURS.

Commander Craven Ordered to Take Possession of the Cruiser.

EVIDENCE OF THE STORM'S FURY,

The Vessel, Drawing Almost Thirty Feet, is Forced Into Water but Twelve Feet Deep.

Washington.—The official report to the Navy Department of the finding of the Maria Teresa was contained in the following message received from Commander Craven of the wrecking tug Potomac, which had been ordered to Cat Island from Santiago:

Nassau.—Secretary of the Navy, Washington: Potomac arrived. Maria Teresa near Bird Point, Cat Island, one mile off shore, in two fathoms of water. Tide rising and falling inside. Temporary deck broken up. Movable articles removed by natives. Vulcan not seen. Natives at work since Saturday.

The Potomac was at once ordered back to Cat Island, with instructions to Commander Craven to take possession of the Maria Teresa and drive off the natives who are looting the ship. He replied by cable that he would leave immediately and would arrive at the wreck as soon as possible.

The fact that the Teresa, a vessel drawing twenty-three feet of water and water-logged as she was when abandoned, she then probably drawing thirty feet, has been driven into twelve feet of water, is regarded by naval officers as evidence of the great strength of the storm which caused her crew to leave her.

Washington.—Tied up at the Washington Navy Yard is the collier Leonidas, which was the convoy of the Maria Teresa, when it was abandoned off Cat Island November 1st.

The Leonidas is here to unload twenty-three cannon taken from different Spanish ships, including some from the Teresa. According to the stories of the officers and men of the Leonidas, the inquiry into the abandonment of the Maria Teresa will, in all probability, result in a court-martial to somebody.

They are nearly unanimous in saying that there was not the slightest necessity for abandoning the captured Spanish cruiser, and this view is borne out by the fact that the ship drifted over thirty miles and went ashore on Cat Island the following morning without serious damage.

The men on the Leonidas say that the proper plan would have been for all of the crew to have abandoned the Maria Teresa except two or three men.

A catamaran, or life raft, could have been towed astern of the ship, and the men left aboard could have cast off the tow-line and taken to the life raft if it became necessary.

Before the ships left Guantanamo, Lieutenant-Commander Harris, who represented the navy on the Maria Teresa, arranged to show the mainmast in case he wished to confer at short range with the Leonidas.

The ensign was shown during the day of November 1st, but Commander W. I. Moore of the Leonidas was afraid to put his ship about and go to the relief of the Maria Teresa, because of the necessity of getting into the trough of the sea. Later in the afternoon he executed this maneuver twice, but it was too late.

It appears that Commander Moore was the senior officer of the fleet and should have assumed the responsibility.

This he apparently declined to do, leaving Lieutenant-Commander Harris on the Maria Teresa to exercise his own judgment, although the cruiser was really under command of Captain Chittenden of the wrecking company.

Harris was a volunteer officer, while Moore belonged to the regular service, and it is hinted that the latter officer purposely kept out of the way to avoid responsibilty and fix the blame upon the volunteer officer.

Friendly to Americans.

London.—A specal dispatch from Shanghai says that the British Minister at Peking, Sir Claude Macdonald, on learning from the American Minister there that the concesson to build the Hankow-Canton railroad had been granted to an American syndicate, refused to support the aplication of the Anglo-Eastern syndicate for the contract.

It appears that although the American concession was signed by the Chinese Minister at Washington in April, the China department of the Foreign Office advised the Anglo-Eastern syndicate to apply for it, which was done October 10th.

Origin of Poultry.

The congress of ornithologists, meeting in Vienna, appointed a committee to investigate the still uncertain origin of domestic fowls. Fannie Field used to wish she knew how Noah's wife got her chickens in out of the shower. My great ambition was to learn whether hens were brought to America in the Mayflower, or when, and I don't know now. While we do know that poultry has been kept for domestic purposes since long before the Christian era, yet Columella, of the first century, was the earliest writer to give any description of appearances. It is only within the present century there has been careful attention to breeds, and fifty-two years ago was held, in England, the first poultry show. The late interstate fair at La Crosse saw 1,200 birds on exhibition. Some fine fowls which had been making the circuit of fairs and steadily shown lost prizes simply by being out of condition. Little things tell on poultry, for their weal or woe.—Farm, Stock and Home.

COAST ITEMS.

A new evening paper, the Times, has entered the field at Portland.

"The Dinner Horn" is the name of a new daily paper published at Prescott, A. T.

The orange crop in the vicinity of Highland promises to be the earliest on record.

The contract work on the locks that will make the Yamhill an open river is about completed.

In a pumpkin contest at San Luis Obispo A. Branbard had a squash that weighed 130 pounds and won first prize.

Thousands of acres in Klamath county, Oregon, have been reclaimed by a syndicate that has constructed a large irrigation ditch.

Football is interesting the Indians of the Northwest, and the two most notable elevens are the Puyallups and the Chimaw Siwashes.

The contributions of the children of Washington State to the Lafayette monument fund will, it is estimated, be over a thousand dollars.

Tacoma preachers are discussing the question, Shall the word "obey" be omitted from the woman's part of the marriage ceremony?

Omaha Exposition medals were awarded to the State of Washington for the best display of fruits and for the second best display of minerals.

Experiments with flax culture in Oregon have proved encouraging and the farmers of that State will probably turn their attention to that crop.

Eastern Oregon stockmen are worried over the poor outlook for grass and predict that by February there will be a scarcity of beef cattle.

Hay shipped from the East to Southern California has been found to contain a dangerous amount of seeds of pernicious weeds, particularly of the Russian thistle.

One of the most thriving industries in the State of Washington is said to be that conducted by slot-machine men. Heavy dividends are paid even in the small towns.

The reason Oregon prunes sell for from 2 to 2½ cents per pound less than the California product at New York is said to be that the Oregon product is improperly dried and improperly packed.

The annual meeting of the Washington State Dairymen's Association will take place at Ellensburg December 27th, 28th and 29th. A creamery and dairy exhibit will be held in connection with the meeting.

Up to November 10th the shipments of raisins from California for the season amounted to 1500 carloads, about 40,000,000 pounds, over half a pound for every person in the United States, or two and a-half pounds for every family.

It is related in a San Diego paper that the rabbits in the vicinity of Escondido have acquired the tobacco chewing habit, and the Buena Ranch Company has found it necessary to build a rabbit-proof fence around its twenty-acre tobacco field.

In pursuance of their determination to secure the passage of a law compelling men of their craft to pass an examination and take out a license, Washington barbers have appointed a committee to go to Olympia when the Legislature meets and lobby for the proposed bill.

MAILS FOR ALASKA.

Another Attempt to Put Into Operation a Winter Service.

Washington.—So far as the postal officials are advised there is no warrant for any extension of service in the region about the Allankakakat river northward. The Postoffice Department has had agents in the interior of Alaska reporting on the needs as well as the conditions of the serivce, and an inspector from the Railway Mail Service is now en route there to go over the whole field this winter.

The winter plans for the postal service in the Yukon region are completed and will consist of twice-a-month service via Juneau, that is, the regular route through Dawson to Circle City to Weare, where the Tanana river joins the Yukon, and thence down the Yukon to St. Michael. No extension of the service so as to provide mail service anywhere north of the Yukon is contemplated.

The points at which the mails will be left on the Yukon route are Eagle, at the mouth of Forty-mile creek; Circle and Yukon, at the mouth of the Porcupine river; Rampart, formerly called Manook; Tanana, opposite the mouth of the Tanana river; Koyukuk, at the mouth of the river of the same name; Anvik, at the mouth of Alvill, and St. Michael.

From Juneau to Tanana the mail service now in operation for the winter season is semi-monthly. The department announces positively no extensions of service in Alaska will be made during the winter and no service whatever, so far, is contemplated at either Fort Hamlin or Arctic City, inquiry as to which has been made, though sufficient settlement may call for such action later on.

Zola Is Not Coming.

Kansas City.—Edward Zola, a resident of this city, and a cousin of Emile Zola, the champion of Dreyfus, says that the report that the French author is coming to his country shortly is untrue. Edward Zola, who is an exile from his country and who for four years past has been manager of the Kansas City Club, has received a letter from his distinguished cousin, in which Emile Zola states emphatically that he has no intention of coming to the United States on a lecture tour, as had been stated or for any other purpose, at least for a time.

EUROPE IS STIRRED.

Salisbury's Speech at the Lord Mayor's Banquet Criticised.

REMARKS ON AMERICA THE CAUSE.

London Journals Express Doubt as to the Meaning of the Statements of England's Premier.

London.—Europe is tremendously disturbed over the speech of Lord Salisbury, delivered at the Lord Mayor's banquet. Many papers seem to take his remarks in reference to America as indicating an Anglo-American agreement.

It is thought that the Continental newspapers place undue stress upon Salisbury's words concerning the United States. They certainly exaggerate its immediate significance. Writers in Berlin and Vienna seem to have seized the occasion to push the old scheme of an anti-American-European coalition. The closest inquiries in London do not establish any connection between England's preparations for war and the Philippines question, yet Viscount Cranbornes' visit to the American Embassy was assuredly of a political nature. He himself said that the matter was of some importance."

There is nothing in the present ordinary Anglo-American relations to warrant this unusual visit following the Cabinet Council unless it was the Philippines. If it is the intention of Europe to interfere with American policy there, Great Britain is certianly as willing to offset it with her support as she was at the beginning of the war.

The Times, in a leader, discredits an Anglo-American agreement regarding the Philippines, yet the Americans are probably aware that the acquisition by them of the Philippines would be very displeasing to all European powers with the probable exception of Great Britain.

The whole Continent reflects the feeling that Salisbury's speech conveys a grave menace for the future. La Liberte of Paris says: "It is a question of an Anglo-American agreement respecting the Philippines, directed against Germany."

The Journal des Debats regards the speech as "an invitation to America to make an alliance against Europe," but doubts whether Americans will willingly "play the role of train-bearers to English politics."

The London morning papers revert to the subject and again take occasion to wish well to America's colonial mission. The Times says editorially:

Lord Salisbury clearly did not refer to the late war at all. He paid the United States the compliment of holding that their entrance into the world's politics was an event of great importance. His further remarks obviously meant that America and England would stand together in a friendship based upon community of aims, sentiments and interests.

The Daily Mail, which deprecated Emperor William's visit to Spain was most "ill-advised and inopportune," says: The first article of our national policy is a close friendship with the United States, and it would be better for Germany to act in harmony with Great Britain than to try to irritate America.

The Standard, in its editorial, absolves Lord Salisbury of any intention to sound a note of warning in alluding to America's entry into the world's politics and welcomes the co-operation of the United States with England in "preventing the vast domains of China, should they become derelict, from becoming the preserve of any single European state."

The Daily News says: "Lord Salisbury's remarks were unusually obscure. Perhaps he was alluding to Germany's irritation. In any case, Germany cannot contemplate the supreme folly of fighting to exclude America from the Philippine islands if she wants to display colonial energy in that direction. Germany is too late. America has been deeply and justly incensed at Germany's favor toward Spain, and she certainly will not ask the Kaiser's leave before appropriating the fruits of her victory."

Must Pay Legal Debts.

St. Louis.—The United States Court of Appeals has decided that constitutional limitation is no bar to the legal collection of an honest debt. The case as that of E. H. Rollins & Sons against the Board of County Commissioners of Rio Grande county, Col. The suit is an action to recover judgment on a number of county warrants.

In the United States Court of Colorado the defendants admitted that the debt was an honest one, but claimed that the issue of the warrant was in excess of the amount allowed by the Constitution, and consequently they asked that it be declared null and void. They were sustained by the Court, but the Appellate Court reversed the decision and remanded it for another trial, insisting that the lower Court was in error by directing a judgment for the defendant.

Oppose Holding the Philippines.

Boston.—At a meeting of the directors of the Boston Merchants Association the following resolution was adopted: "Resolved, That, in the opinion of the board of directors of this association, the acquisition of any part of the Philippine Islands, except what is needed for a naval station, would be detrimental to the interests of the United States."

Henry Fisher, O. H. Childs and J. H. Fisher have bought a controlling interest in the Redlands street railway, and will transform it into a trolley line.

NEW TRAILS BROKEN.

Colonel Creighton Tells of His Alaskan Trip.

Seattle.—Colonel H. R. Creighton, who camped on the site of Dawson eleven years ago and who is well known in San Francisco and Los Anegles, is in Seattle. He has made a trip from Valdes with horses to the Yukon river and says he is the first one to accomplish that feat.

With a party of twelve he left Valdes February 26, 1898, for the Copper river and finally reached the junction of the Klutena and Copper rivers, where the new town of Copper Center has sprung up. Finding no mineral on the west side of the river he struck out for the Yukon across the country, taking with him Robert Bruce of Allegheny, Pa., A. Warren of Whatcom, Wash., and John Egan of Edinburgh. They swam their horses across the Copper river July 26th in a current in which the billows ran six feet high. Not a horse was lost, although five were carried half a mile down stream.

"We bore east," said the Colonel, "across a valley of small timber to the open moorland country, skirted the base of Mounts Drum and Stanford, a burnt-up lava country from which on a clear day the smoke of Mount Wrangel can be seen. Crossing the difficult Stanford river we reached the Copper river again, and consumed two days in finding a ford. We proceeded eastward along the north bank of the river of the mouth of the Slana, a tributary of the Copper river. We followed the Slana to Lake Mantasta, then went northeast across a high divide, from the summit of which a magnificent panorama was seen. It was the valley of the Tanana, a broad, level stretch of land. Groves, meadows and gardens of flowers and lakes were visible as far as the eye, assisted by field glasses, could see. The grass was as high as a man's head. It was not sour good-for-nothing grass, but red top and bluejoint. All this valley lacked to give it the appearance of a typical farming country were buildings and highways.

Crossing many tributaries of the Tanana, which we were obliged to bridge or swim, we came to the Tanana itself, just above the mouth of the Tetlans river. From the Tanana to the headwaters of Forty Mile creek the route is most difficult, leading over innumerable high hills or mountains, with brush-covered ravines between. We found it necessary and most practicable to travel along the summit of ridges. The long journey had well nigh exhausted our food, and for a week and a half we had been on half-rations. When we finally reached Sixty Mile creek we were too far to the south. Not until we reached Miller creek did we meet with a well-defined trail. It was the first we had seen for many weeks.

"We saw no mineral country until we reached the watershed of the Yukon. This is the only practicable all-American route into Alaska. Valdes harbor, which is open the year round, cannot fail to be the initial point for a railroad running through Lowe's pass, avoiding the glacier, to the Copper river and up the same to Lake Mantasta, and from there through the Lowe divide to a ranch of the Tanana river, thus giving connection with the entire Yukon system.

"From Valdez to the Yukon our horses subsisted entirely on the grasses of the country, came to the end of the journey, fully 500 miles, in good condition and without an accident."

Falling Off of Raisin Crop.

Fresno.—The packing-houses have about competed their receipts of raisin, though the last of the crop has come in very slowly, so that one inspector can attend to two or three houses. It is now made clear that the raisin-growing industry is annually falling off, and that the crops have shown a specially marked diminution within the last five years.

The estimated raisin crop of the State for this year will not exceed 32,500 tons. Last year it was 40,000 tons and in 1893 it was 52,500 tons. The causes for this falling off have been variously given, but it is believed that one is the exhaustion of the soil and the negect of fertilization. In the early years of raisin growing the soil was so rich that fertilizers were unnecessary. Another cause assigned is the injury done to vineyards, especially on the West Side, by the deposit of alkali after evaporation of water from the irrigating ditches. It is stated that many vineyards have been dug up to make way for other crops.

Counterfeit Hawaiin Notes.

Honolulu.—Edward F. Aldrich is under arrest charged with having manufactured the only counterfeits of the Hawaiian treasury notes ever attempted. About six months ago a few counterfeits of the five, ten and twenty dollar bills of the Hawaiian currency were found in circulation. An examination showed them to be largely photographic work, the blue body color of the bills lending itself readily to counterfeits by this process.

They were at first thought to be the work of Japanese. Later, suspicion fell on Aldrch, who was a photograper of no mean ability. He was kept under strict surveillance. A search of his room a few days ago brought to light a complete plant for counterfeiting. He got wind of the matter and went into hiding, but was captured.

Aldrich has been in the islands about five years. He was a member of a military company for a while and took part in quelling the uprising in 1895.

Offers Crete to Russia.

London.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says: It is rumored here that the Sultan has offered Crete to Russia as a set-off to the balance of the Russo-Turkish war indemnity.

FOR THE FARMERS.

Some Interesting News for the Ruralist

SPOKEN OF IN THIS COLUMN.

A Few Sensible Hints to Suit the Busy Agriculturist.—Items That May Benefit our Readers.

Bulletin on Nature and Treatment of Sheep Scab.

The United States Department of Agriculture has in press and will soon issue Bulletin No. 21, Bureau of Animal Industry, entitled "Sheep Scab: Its Nature and Treatment." This bulletin was prepared by D. E. Salmon, D. V. M., Chief of the Bureau of Animal Industry, for the purpose of correcting many erroneous ideas prevalent regarding the exact nature of the disease and the methods by which it may be eradicated, and to meet the necessity of exact information on the subject. It begins with a historical introduction showing that this disease, one of th oldest known, most prevalent and most injurious maladies which affects this species of animals, is a contagious skin disease caused by a parasitic mite, and that the impression that has arisen among some sheep-raisers that the scab is hereditary is incorrect.

The losses in home industry and to the export trade are referred to in the bulletin, and in it will be found descriptions of the various forms of sheep scab and of conditions which may be mistaken for scab.

Attention is called to the necessity of keeping sheep under proper hygienic conditions, but that alone, it is stated, though of importance in connection with the subject of treatment, cannot be relied upon to cure scab. The only rational treatment consists in using some external application which will kill the parasites.

The Bulletin says: "By far the most rational and satisfactory and the cheapest method of curing scab is by dipping the sheep in some liquid which will kill the parasites."

A description is given of various kinds of dipping plants for use on small and large farms, directions for preparing certain home-made dips and directions for dipping.

The bulletin also contains extracts from the federal laws and regulations relative to sheep scab and gives notice that the Department of Agriculture will hereafter take such steps as may be required to stop the dissemination of this contagion through the channels of interstate commerce:

Dr. Salmon also says: "The disease of scab is one of the most serious drawbacks to the sheep industry, and results in enormous financial losses. Yet, despite its insidious nature, its ease of transmission, its severe effects, and its prevalence in certain localities, it is a disease which yields readily to proper treatment. If all the sheep-owners of the country would dip regularly and thoroughly there is no reason why this scourge should not be totally eradicated from the United States. There should be stringent scab laws in every State, with State inspectors to see that these laws are carried out."

The bulletin is illustrated by six plates and thirty-six text figures.

The Future Wheat Supply.

A great deal of interest has been shown in an address recently delivered by Sir William Crookes, a prominent English scientist, on the future wheat supply of the world. In this address he called attention to the rapidly increasing use of wheat in the world. In Scandinavia the use of wheat per person has increased 100 per cent in 25 years; in Austria-Hungary 80 per cent; in France, 20 per cent; in Belgium, 50 per cent. The only European countries in which the use of wheat per head has decreased are Russia and Italy, and possibly Turkey. In 1871 the wheat-bread eaters in the world numbered 371,000,000; in 1881, 416,000,000; in 1891, 472,000,000, and at the present time 516,000,000.

Sir William Crookes takes up in order the principal wheat-supplying nations of the world. For thirty years the United States has been the dominant factor in the foreign supply of wheat, exporting no less than 145,000,000 bushels a year. As the virgin land has been absorbed in this country he believes that within a generation the United States will cease to be an exporting nation. Russia, which stands next to the United States as an exporter of wheat, is a precarious source of supply. The population is increasing more rapidly than that of any other country. The yield per acre is, however, very low, and grain is now exported which ought to be consumed at home.

The anticipations of great wheat production in Canada have not been realized, the increase in production in Manitoba and the Northwest provinces little more than offsetting the decrease in Ontario and the eastern provinces. In Australia the average yield of wheat is so small as to be discouraging and climatic conditions limit the wheat area to a small belt along the southern shore. New Zealand is one of the best wheat countries in the world, but the farmers find other branches of farming more profitable than wheat growing.

There may be a considerable expansion of wheat production in Argentina and Uruguay, but the prospective supply from those countries has been greatly overrated.

From a survey of the whole field it is concluded that if all available wheat lands in the world are utilized, the increased production will be just enough to supply the increase in bread-eating population in 1931, and that thereafter there will not be enough wheat to supply the demand. Sir William Crookes also concludes that the world has already reached conditions under which the price of wheat must tend to rise.

What Constitutes a Good Beef Animal.

It was not until within recent years that the heavy, inordinately fat, or rough and patchy bullock, became unpopular to such an extent as practically to drive his class from the market and to banish the type from the breeding herds. It is well that this was done for the modern type makes beef at decidedly more profit and economy to both the producer and the butcher and furnishes the consumer a far superior article.

The parts furnishing the high-priced cuts must be quickly and evenly covered with firm yet mellow flesh of uniform good quality and alike free from hard rolls and blubbery patches. Coarse, harsh, and gaudy animals will no longer be tolerated, much less those that are bony and bare of flesh on the back and ribs. The men who buy our cattle and fix their market value are shrewd enough to know almost at a glance how much and just what kind of meat a steer or carload of steers will cut out, and if the producer overlooks any of the essential points he is compelled to bear the loss.

Then, in addition to securing the general beef form and make-up, together with good backs, ribs and loins, there is a certain quality, character, style, and finish that constitute an important factor in determining the value of beef cattle. One of the first indications of this is to be found in the skin and coat. A good feeding animal should have a soft mellow touch and soft but thick and heavy coat. A harsh, unyielding skin is an indication of a sluggish circulation and low digestive powers. The character and finish exemplified by a clear, prominent yet placid eye, clean-cut features, fine horn, and clear, fine bone, all go to indicate good feeding quality and a capacity to take on a finish of the highest excellence, and consequently to command top prices. Coarse-boned, rough animals are almost invariably slow feeders and hard to finish properly. A certain amount of size is necessary, but it should be obatined without coarseness. The present demand exacts quality and finish rather than size.

Besides these qualities, and above all, it is necessary to have vigor and constitution. We find evidence of these in a wide forehead, a prominent brisket, broad chest, well-sprung ribs, full heart girth, and general robust appearance; and without these other excellence will not have its highest significance.—Prof. C. F. Curtiss, in Fourteenth Annual Report of Bureau of Animal Industry.

Seed Saving.

While we are sure that, in a general way, it is advisable for the gardener to buy rather than grow the miscellaneous assortment of seeds he wants to plant, because that certainly is the safest, and, therefore, wisest course to take, yet we know that there are exceptions, as has been pointed out from time to time. We have cases in view in which we would urge the utmost care in saving and retaining seed. Most of our improved varieties and strains of vegetables were chance seedlings and chance discoveries. In the house and market gardens all over the land there are hundreds of such improved vegetables of which the seedsmen and the general public know nothing. If you have a really good thing in this line, be sure to take good care that you do not lose the seed. If it is a vegetable that is liable to mix with other varieties of the same, be sure to plant it alone by itself. In any case, also, save some of the old seed over to provide for the possibility that by some mishap the crop should fail. And don't keep a good thing all for yourself. Give to your neighbors. Let your seedsman test it. If it is really as good as you think, the world at large should have some benefit.

San Diego Tobacco.

According to the San Diego Union, the tobacco industry of that county is looking up. It reports that experts say that San Diego tobacco has a peculiar and delicious flavor not possessed by tobacco grown anywhere else in the world. A cigar manufacturer who is using tobacco of his own growing claims that he has a contract with a San Francisco wholesale house to furnish 15,000 five-cent cigars a month, and he has put a local brand on the market called "Del Coronado," which sells at $75 per thousand. "He says: Last June we began the manufacture of cigars from our own tobacco of the crop of 1897-8, and had only one boy in employ. We were compelled to discharge him in a short time, but we soon had him back, and now you see the force at work—five men and the boy, and to fulfill our contracts we shall have to go on increasing our force right along—there is no way out of it. As I have already said, the day of experiment has passed and the building up of a substantial and lasting industry has begun."

This will be encouraging to others who are in the business. There was quite an area of tobacco grown last year but the present year was short, owing to drouth and discouragement over the curing.

The Cow a Sensitive Animal.

The dairy cow is a very sensitive creature and always shows at the milk pail when she has been abused or ill treated. Her treatment should be such that will always inspire confidence on her part in the one that cares for and feeds her. The feeding and milking should always be done regularly and at the same hour each day, and if possible always by the same person. Where records have been kept it has been found that variation in these points produced variation in the amount of milk secreted and the per cent of butter fat.

OUR NEW CITIZENS.

Nearly a Quarter of a Million Immigrants.

A FALLING OFF FROM LAST YEAR.

Suggests a Record of All Newcomers So as to Prevent Naturalization Frauds —Admission From Canada.

Washington.—Commissioner-General T. V. Powderly of the Immigration Bureau in its annual report to the Secretary of the Treasury, gives the total number of immigrants who arrived in the United States during the last fiscal year as 229,299, a decrease as compared with the fiscal year 1897 of 153. Of the whole number 135,775 were males and 93,534 females; 10,037 came into the United States through Canada.

During the year 3030 were debarred, and of this number there were 1 insane, 1 idiot, 2261 paupers or persons likely to become a public charge, 257 diseased persons, 2 convicts, 79 assisted immigrants and 417 contract laborers. One hundred and ninety-nine were returned within one year after landing.

Of the whole number over 4 years of age, 1416 could not write, 43,057 could neither read nor write; 27,608 over 20 years of age had $30 or over, and 55,203 had less than $30. The total amount of money shown by immigrants during the year was $3,872,077, but the actual amount brought over was probably greatly in excess of this amount.

Of the whole number of arrivals 58,613 came from Italy, 27,221 from Russia proper, 25,128 from Ireland, 17,111 from Germany, 16,659 from Hungary, 12,420 from Galicia and Burkowina, in Austria-Hungary; 12,398 from Sweden, and 9987 from England.

The Commissioner suggests an amendment to the laws excepting immigrants shown to be afflicted with a loathsome or a dangerous contagious disease from the right of appeal or of a hearing before the Board of Special Inquiry. He also recommends that the head tax be increased from $1 to $2, "so as to furnish a fund sufficient to enlarge the bureau's operations." It is also recommended that the act which prohibits the expenditure of a greater sum for immigration purposes than shall be collected at the port be repealed.

Mr. Powderly states that the naturalization laws of the United States have been repeatedly violated, and in his opinion each arriving immigrant, when admitted to the United States, should be provided with a landing certificate. A record of the facts stated in the said circular as to each immigrant, to be known as an immigrant directory, should be kept for each fiscal year by the Bureau of Immigration.

An act of Congress authorizing such a course of procedure and requiring of the alien presenting himself for naturalization to produce such a certificate or a duplicate from the immigrant directory would facilitate the work of the courts and go far toward preventing the issuance of fraudulent naturalization papers.

The Commissioner-General expresss the belief that the figures given of the arrival of immigrants through Canada represent only a part of the actual immigration through that country, and suggests as a remedy the enactment of a law authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to designate certain points along the border separating the United States from the Dominion of Canada to be the sole ports of entry to this country of transatlantic and transpacific immigrants, and of all Canadians who shall not have resided in Canada for at least five years prior to their emigration to this country.

Army to Control Transports.

Washington.—A new Army regulation has been prepared regarding the transportation of troops by water. The regulation is based upon the report of the board recently convened, at the head of which was Major-General Ludlow. The regulation is mostly of technical detail, the most important feature being the fact that the transports are to remain wholly in charge of the Army and not placed under command of naval officers, as has been suggested, and which is the general policy of England and some other governments.

Another Standard Oil Suit.

Cleveland.—State Attorney-General Monnett announces that he has filed another petition against a branch of the Standard Oil Company in the Ohio Supreme Court. The case this time is against the Union Tank Line, which is incorporated under the laws of New Jersey and which came into existence very shortly after the decree of the Supreme Court of this State ordering the Standard Oil Company to wind up its affairs.

America and Britain.

London.—Lord George Hamilton, Secretary of State for India, speaking in London, said he agreed with Lord Salisbury that it was quite impossible to overestimate the importance of America's entrance upon a colonizing policy. "England and America," he declared, "whose interests are identical, should stand side by side in the promotion of civilization and good government in the dark places of the earth."

Cambon May Be Transferred.

Paris.—It is reported in diplomatic circles that Jules Cambon, French Ambassador to the United States, will shortly be transferred from Washington.

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Sonoma, California.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1898

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SALUTATORY.

ON BEHALF OF THE SONOMA NEWS PUBLISHING CO.

To the Friends and patrons of the NEWS and the general public, Greeting:

It is with pleasure and confidence that we assume control of one of Sonoma's business enterprises. We appreciate the difficulties and trials of the newspaper man, and the responsibility of his position. That he should be a live man in touch with living issues and awake to every interest of the municipality; that he should have ideas—original or good borrowed ones—and not be afraid to express them, and at the same time, as "far *as in him lies*, live peacably with all men" and especially with *every news paper man* in his county.

Conscious of a liability to come short, with the generous support and patronage of those wishing for and interested in the success of this paper, we shall do our best to reach these high ideals.

To mark *heel* and *toe* for the good of our advertisers and patronizing territory; to give stimulus to new enterprises for Sonoma, to influence and encourage the investment of capital to this end. To avoid discrimination in favor of sect, to avoid personalities, but speaking from general principles; to seek the friendship of all, the enmity of none, To recognize the schools and church societies as public necessities, which minister to the weal of our people, and without which Sonoma would not be a desirable place to live or to raise a family. With special favors to none, we invite all the church societies to furnish us from time to time with such news and items as are of interest to them and for the good of their denomination, and we will gladly publish them.

Also we recognize the good in charity and the cultivation of fraternal feeling the secular, or civic societies do in all communities, and extend to them the same courtesy.

With these brief statements of purpose and wishing our readers prosperity we will rack the quill.

Your Humble Servant,

E. E. THOMPSON.

On behalf of the NEWS PUB. CO.

IT IS a matter of rumor that Geo. Lewis will be offered the appointment of undersheriff by sheriff elect Frank Grace. Mr. Grace could certainly make no better appointment, nor one that would be more heartily sanctioned by the people of this community.

AS IS usual after election there is a "scramble for the deputiships, and as is always the case, there are not positions enough to go around and many there are who will be sorely disappointed. The appointment of Mr. Goodwin to a position in the Recorder's office is an excellent one but it has brought fourth a wail of disappointment whose echos are heard at a distance.

THE resignation of Mr. Goodwin as the principal of the Sonoma public schools leaves a vacancy to be filled after the holidays by the school board. We have several competent teachers who are residents here, who we should think should have the preference. Mr. Hocker, Miss Humphereys and perhaps others are deserving the consideration of the board.

IF THE editorial pen in this issue of the NEWS, seems a trifle unsteady and the ideas few and scattered so that our readers have to scratch over four baskets of chaff for two kernels of wheat, you will know 'tis because the state of the paper is between the old and the new of the moon. We hope before many issues that we shall have reached an equilibrim, and from the zenith be shining in meridian splendor.

HON. R. A. THOMPSON who enjoyed for several days, at a distance, the honorable distinction of being Secretary of the State, has been dispossessed of that happy dream by a correct count of the votes cast for the nominees for that office at the late election. Mr. Curry the Republican nominee walks off with the cake.

TO DESTROY the Sparish gunboats, reduce the forts and capture the city of Manila, was comparatively a small task compared to that of civilizing, moralizing and educating the natives of the Phillipine Islands to the standard of American citizenship. Many years may elapse under the most favorable circumstances before those wild uncultured children of nature, prejudiced and degraded by Spanish misrule are brought to a safe standard of self government. Nor will they with their present enlightment be content with anything else. Having observed at a distance the superior government of the United States, without knowledge of the intricate working of the machinery, they will have a desire to imitate it without knowledge or experience to succeed.

Now that the campaign is over and the political sky clear, every enterprising citizen should labor for the betterment and advancement of his city and county. From what we know of the climate, soil and boundless resources of this part of Sonoma county—our two rail roads, water communication, nearness to the city, school, church and social advantages, we believe we can offer as great inducements to those seeking a place of residence, or to invest money in business enterprises as any city in California. Sonoma is alive, as every-one knows who visit our city, but still she might be more lively, and increase her pace, and keep step in the march of progress if every resident and property holder would make pull for the town and pull together.

"Brevity is the soul of wit, time is money and competition the life of trade!" Let us do quickly, and keep doing, loss or gain will result as we act, and we can compete with any city giving us a challenge providing we who are interested do do our part. It is a well known fact that much of our legitimate trade is now going to our sister towns This is throwing mud at our business men, blocking the wheels of progress and ruinous to our town as a commercial center! Sonoma has a large territory from which to draw and with the trade turned into rightful channels; our business would be increased by one half.

There is fault somewhere! We can afford to pay as much and can market as cheaply, the produce of this valley, as any town in Sonoma county. It should be our privilege to do so? The farming community should see this—should see further than this—that to make Sonoma boom with business enterprise would enhance the valuation of realty and make their land salable when placed on the market.

If you say: "I can trade cheaper elsewhere," the fault may still be yours. For instance, if you are in the habit of paying cash for goods in a neighboring city thereby making it possible for the dealer to give you close inside prices, and at home you ask credit, and after six months get mad when ask to pay!!

If *you* don't do that way this does not mean *you*. If you *do*, *you'd* better *quit your meanness*.

Some of our readers may be in the habit of going to the city for goods when the same articles can be had at home at from 10 to 15 per cent. less. This, too, is treating your friends shabbily and giving your town a black eye.

Together farmer and tradesman should ferret these difficulties out, and reasoning from cause to effect they can be found, and when found may be remedied.

There should be no estrangement between the farmer and the dealer of his home town. Their interests should be one and co-operative.

Let the merchant bring every thing as nearly as possible to a cash basis, sell on the closest possible margin, having "quick sales and small profits" for his motto, knowing that when a package goes from his place of business, *it is* the very best the *market affords* for the money, east or west, north or south of our Sonoma; and the natives will be surprised at the sudden impetus given to trade and the advancement of every interest of this commonwealth.

A Hurried Departure.

Congressman and Mrs. J. A. Barham and daughter, Miss Lena, will leave at once for Washington. The cause of their hurried departure for the capital is the serious illness of Charles Barham —Republican.

Marriage Licenses Issued.

Marriage licenses were issued to Christian Frank, 23, and Miss Pauline Mangold, 23, both of Santa Rosa.

Newton Theodore Power, 27, of Willows, and Miss Anna Eliza Leggett, 23, of Santa Rosa township.

Cyrus R. Clawson, 22, Santa Rosa, Miss Maggie Beatty. 18, Glen Ellen.

Electric Lights at Sonoma.

The electric lighting system at Sonoma is proving a great success. The streets and thoroughfares are lighted with 32-candle power incandescent lamps. The majority of the business houses and public buildings and a number of private houses are lighted by the company.—Press-Democrat.

The ballet is said to have been invented by the Duchess of Maine, in Paris.

IN THE COURTS.

Monday Judge Dougherty's calendar was as follows in the superior court:

Cases set for trial were: J. W. Horn vs. Silvio Piezzi, for Nov. 23; Sequira vs. Constant, for Nov. 29th.

December 1st was the date set for settling the bill of exceptions in the action brought by the Santa Rosa National Bank against Anna Lewis.

The suit of Horn vs. Pedersen was submitted and taken under advisement.

Wellington Appleton was appointed executor of the will of Fred S. Clark. No bond was required. T. J. Butts was appointed attorney to represent absent heirs.

Mrs. Dollie F. Richards was appointed executrix of the will of the late Grant O. Richards. No bond was required.

A sale of real estate was confirmed in the estate of James Atken.

Probate matters were continued in the estates of Eleanor Walker, John Schrauder and Annie D. Burnett to November 21st.

A sale of real estate was confirmed in the matter of the estate of J. J. Gobbi.

In department two of the superior court, Judge Burnett presiding, the suits of Barry vs. Barry, which involved the partition of 640 acres near Petaluma, were dismissed. The case was amicably settled.

In the suit of Nancy Walker against Fred Walker the order to show cause was dismissed and default was entered.

The suit of J Lucas vs. Edwin Reynolds was submitted and taken under advisement.

The suit of W. H. Weilby vs Fred T. Duhring was continued to November 21st.

In the suit of Leonore Silva vs. John J. Silva an order for the payment of $20 per month alimony from August 1, 1898. was made, together with the payment of $100 attorney's fee and $25 costs. The custody of the chid was awarded to the mother by the consent of the father, the father to have the privilege of visiting once a week. The child will not be removed from the county without the order of the court. The trial was set for December 1st.

In the injunction suit brought by the Healdsburg Electric Light and Power company against the city of Healdsburg, the plaintiff was granted fifteen days to amend by making the Oakland Bank of Savings a party defendant. The court ordered the injunction to remain in force.

Real Estate Transfers.

Elisha Truegrove to Lawrence O. Cummings, 2286 acres in northwest quarter, section 16, township 7, range 8; $10.

J. H. Brush and wife to James W. Johnston, 2.40 acres, part of the Buckland tract near Santa Rosa; $720.

M. A. Graham to Bertha C. Allen 100x180 feet on Hilby alley, Cloverdale; $500.

M. M. Pinder to S. K. Dougherty, lots 96 103, and west half 97 and 1,109, block 17, Santa Rosa, $100

The Cotati company to Harry R. Babb and R. O. Gates, 6 acres part of lot 37, subdivision 3, and 896 acres, lot 153, subdivision 7. Cotati rancho.

Cotati company to Harry R. Babb, 8 acres, Cotati rancho

I. H. Stark and wife to John D. Bancroft, 30 acres on Sonoma creek, Agua Caliente rancho; $10

J. A. Maguire to D. O Hunt, northwest of southeast quarter, section 32, township 8, range 6, and northwest quarter of southeast quarter, section 24, township 8, range 7.

United States to Ora T. Hassett, southeast quarter of southwest quarter, section 4, and northeast half of northwest quarter and southwest quarter of northwest quarter, section 9, township 9, range 12.

United States to William F. Smith, southeast quarter of northeast quarter, section 9, southwest quarter of northwest quarter and north half of southwest quarter, section 10, township 9, range 12.

William E Smith to Ora T. Hassett same as above; $10

John T. Campbell to Frederick Greiner, northwest quarter, section 14, township 7, range 10; $860.

Discouraging.

First Theosophist—This settles it. I resign from the society."

Second Theosophist—What's the matter?

First Theosophist—Why, one of my tenants has gone off without paying his rent and left me a note saying he would try and square with me in some future existence.—London Fun.

Cheap Injury.

Casey—Shure, an it's th' unlucky mon Oi am!

Clancy—Unlucky be dom'd! Hov'n't yez kim out av th' wreck wid only a broken arm?

Casey (sarcastically)—An for which Oi only git foive hundred dollars! Thim fellies thot wor kilt git foive thousand. —New York Journal.

Oranges, limes, bananas and cocoanuts grow wild in Costa Rica.

WILL PASTURE STOCK.

G. Riley, living on the Fisher ranch south of town is prepared to take in stock to pasture. Good feed and water.

Say Charley!!

—o—

Next time you go to Petaluma you just go in to

MURPHY & Co.,

and look at their nice new and second-hand goods. Cousin Polly and I were in there the other day and PRICED EVERYTHING and they

a SELLING CHEAPER
r THAN ANYBODY IN
e SONOMA COUNTY.

besides that they will buy anything you have to sell. I know they will because they told me so. Now you remember the place. It is the

NORTH EAST CORNER
WASHINGTON & MAIN ST.
Opposite Sonoma County Bank.

FOR RENT - A stock ranch consisting of 400 acres 100 plow land, the pasture. For particulars apply or address News office.

EVERY BODY SAYS SO.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, acts gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispels colds, cures headaches, fevers, habitual constipation and billiousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. o-day 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and uaranteed to cure by all druggists.

A Swelled Head.

A typical English woman, when some one spoke the other day of a certain man having a "swelled head," looked dazed. "Really! You don't mean it!" cried the English woman. "I'm very sorry." A day or so later the English woman, happening to meet the wife of the man in question, observed that she was so sorry to hear that Mr. Blank was ill.

"But he isn't!" cried the wife. "He was never better in his life."

"Is that so?" said the English woman. "Why, what could Mrs. Dash have meant the other day when she said he was suffering from a swelled head?"

What He Had on His Mind.

He—There is something I have wanted to say to you for a long, long time.

She (demurely)—Well, don't—don't you think this is as good a time as—as any to say it?

He—That mole on the left side of your nose—I know a surgeon who can remove such things without a bit of danger.

They adjourned sine die that evening. Chicago News.

Italy's Poor.

Marvelous economy is practiced by the poor of Italy in looking after the wants of the inner man. Coffee grounds from the wealthy man's kitchen are dried and resold to the poor. In a similar way oil is twice, and sometimes three times used, the drippings after each successive frying being gathered from the pan and sold to the poor.

Consistent Indolence.

"Wot's de use o' wakin up dis way at 5 o'clock in de mornin?" inquired Plodding Pete indignantly.

"Well," answered Meandering Mike, "I take so much comfort out o' doin nothin dat I t'ought I'd like to git an early start."—Washington Star.

Queer Postal Rule.

One of the peculiarities of postoffice rules is that a postmaster cannot accept postage stamps for postage due on letters at destination.

GILBERT'S MILLINERY

—AND—

FANCY GOODS

NEW FALL STYLES
LOVELY TRIMMED HATS
CHEAP—Now READY.....

HATS TRIMMED TO ORDER

Old Hats Dyed & Pressed like New

☞ Prices to suit the hard times.

Next door to Newburgh's,

GILBERT'S - PETALUMA

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c, or 25c If C. C. C. fails to cure, druggist refunds money.

Notice of Sale of Real Estate at Private Sale

Under authority of an order of sale granted by the Superior Court of the County of Sonoma, State of California, dated August 29th 1898, I will sell at private sale the following described real estate: All those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land, situate in the City and County of Sonoma, State of California, being known and designated on the official map or plat of said City as Out Lot No. 512, containing 19 acres more or less; Also that strip of land situated in said Sonoma City, known and designated on said official map as that piece of land in the City of Sonoma, extending between Lots No. 501 and No 512, and described thus, to wit: The Southern half or moiety of said Street between said lots, being 333 yards in length and 3½ yards in width, and containing an area of two roods and 39 perches, more or less.

The sale will be made on or after September 28th, 1898, and bids will be received at the office of O. C. Pratt, Claus Spreckels Building, San Francisco, State of California Terms of sale: Cash Gold coin of the United States, Ten per cent of the bid payable at the time of the sale and balance upon confirmation by the Court.

A. F. WADE

Administrator of the Estate of W. F. Wade, deceased.

Dated August 29th 1898.

TO THE FATHER OF BOYS.

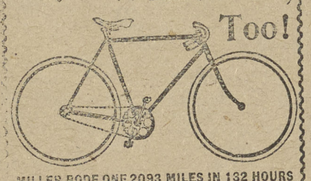
A Few Words of Advice Which Our Parents Should Heed.

Have you a son between 13 and 35 years of age who is lifeless and stupid; whose face is pimpled appetite poor; pains in the back; nervous twitching of the eyes and other parts; suffering from sleepless, restless, nights night sweats, palpitation of the heart, indigestion, constipation; cramps in legs and arms; bashful always avoiding company of opposite sex—who has no energy, and is unfit for work or study?

If you have a boy with any of these symptoms there are 19 chances out of 20 that the boy will, within 18 short months, be past the aid of medical skill—completely at the mercy of that dread disease—consumpson. Take warning in time! For these sure and tell-tale symptoms there is but one never-failing and GUARANTEED CURE, and that is VERVAIN, the most remarkable discovery of the century. One month's treatment will bring rosy healthy to that fading cheek will cause the life giving, tissue-building elements of its truly wonderful properties to instantly circulate through those clogged up veins. It stops debilitating drains: soothes, invigorates and vitalizes the whole system; it transforms the weak, sickly, irritable, nervous, despondent sufferer to true, healthy, happy manhood.

VERVAIN is a purely vegetable remedy, and the price is $1.00 for one month's treatment or $2.50 for three months, with a guarantee to cure or money cheerfully returned, charges prepaid. Address GAS CITY REMEDY Co., P. O. Box 170 Stockton, California.

We Make WHEELS, Too!



MILLER RODE ONE 2093 MILES IN 132 HOURS

The Eldredge $50.00

The Belvidere $40.00

Superior to all others irrespective of price. Catalogue tells you why. Write for one.

NATIONAL SEWING MACHINE CO.,
339 BROADWAY, New York. Factory, BELVIDERE, ILL.

A GOOD SEAMSTRESS

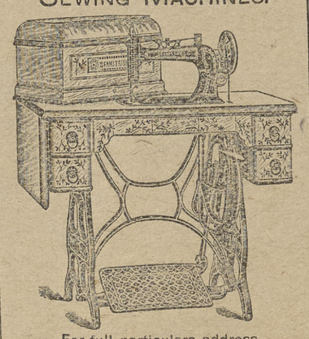
IS A

HOUSEHOLD NECESSITY

And a Household Necessity is one of our NEW

SEAMSTRESS

SEWING MACHINES.



For full particulars address

National Sewing Machine Co.

Manufacturers of Fine Family Sewing Machines.

EASTERN OFFICE: 339 Broadway, N.Y. BELVIDERE, ILL.

TWO MILLIONS A YEAR.

When people buy, try, and buy again it means they're satisfied. The people of the United States are now buying Cascarets Candy Cathartic at the rate of two million boxes a year, and it will be three million before New Year's. It means merit proved, that Cascarets are the most delightful bowel regulator for everybody the year round. All druggist, 10, 25, 50c a box, cure guaranteed.

WANTED—SEVERAL TRUSTWORTHY PERSONS in this state to manage our business in their own and nearby counties. It is mainly office work conducted at home. Salary straight $900 a year and expenses—definite, bonafide, no more no less salary. Monthly $75. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelop Herbert E. Hess, Prest; Dept. M. Chicago.

Horse AND WAGON—A good cart or buggy horse and a good second-hand farm wagon for sale reasonable. Inquire of G. Farrar on the old Lutzens place.

INCUBATOR AND BROODERS.—One 350 egg incubator and three indoor brooders, fixtures complete, Petaluma make, never used, for sale at a discount. Inquire at the NEWS office.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets Candy Carthartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin today to banish pimples, boils bloches, blackheads, and that sickly billious complexion by taking Cascarets—beauty for ten cents. All druggist, satisfac-

A Sure Thing For You

A transaction in which you cannot lose is a sure thing. Billious, sick headache, furred tongue, fever, piles and a thousand other ills are caused by constipation and sluggish liver. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the wonderful new liver stimulent and intestinal tonic are by all druggists guaranteed to cure or money refunded. Try a box today 10c, 25c, 50c. Sample and booklet free. Druggists.

FOR SALE.—Good young horse, suitable for light work, for sale cheap. Apply at this office.

FOR SALE.—White Leghorn eggs for hatching purpose, absolutely pure, at 50 cents per setting of 13. For particulars inquire at this office.

Dress goods—the latest, most stylish and cheapest at the Racket Store, and no other store in Petaluma.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets

Candy Cathartic cure constipation forvere; 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggist refund money.

WANTED—SEVERAL TRUSTWORTHY PERSONS in this state to manage our business in their own and nearby counties. It is mainly office work conducted at home. Salary straight $900 a year and expenses—definite, bonafide, no more, no less salary. Monthly $75. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope, Herbert E. Hess, Prest; Dept. M. Chicago.

MRS. F. McG. MARTIN,

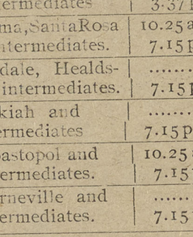
Attorney-at-Law

and Notary Public.

Doyle & Overton Building Fourth St. SANTA ROSA

Save Good Money

Keep Good Time.



M. L. Martin, the Petaluma jeweler is in Sonoma every Saturday, for the purpose of collecting watches clocks and jewelry for repairing. See him.

Watch Mainsprings, 50 cents.
Watch Glasses 10 cents

J. S. Young

WORKS CHEAP FOR CASH

HORSE SHOING EACH $1.00
TIRE PER SET OF FOUR $2.50

Woodwork And General Blacksmithing As Cheap In Proportion

All Work Guaranteed.

SHOP ON NAPA STREET NEAR POST-OFFICE

ED. WEGNER

Drugs, Medicines, AND General Merchandise

☞ Prescriptions Carefully Compounded

S. W. CORNER PLAZA - - - - - SONOMA, CAL

California Northwestern R'y Co.

LESSEE OF

SAN FRANCISCO & NORTH PACIFIC RAILWAY

OFFICIAL TIME TABLE

Leaves Sonoma		Effective Oct. 16 '98	Arrive Sonoma	
Week days	Sundays	Destination	Sundays	Week days
6.18 a. m.	8.10 a. m.	San Francisco, San	10.25 a.m.	10.30 a. m.
2.45 p. m.	3.37 p. m.	Rafael intermediates	7.15 p.m.	7.20 p. m.
10.30 a. m.	10.25 a. m.	Glen Ellen and	8.10 a.m.	6.18 a. m.
7.20 p. m.	7.15 p. m.	intermediates	3.37 p.m.	2.45 p. m.
6.18 a. m.	8.10 a. m.	Petaluma, Santa Rosa	10.25 a.m.	10.30 a. m.
2.45 p. m.	3.37 p. m.	and intermediates.	7.15 p.m.	7.20 p. m.
6.18 a. m.	8 10 a. m.	Cloverdale, Healds-	.....	10.30 a. m.
2.45 p. m.	.....	burg, intermediates.	7.15 p.m.	7.20 p. m.
6.18 a. m.	8.10 a. m.	Ukiah and	.....	
	.....	intermediates	7.15 p.m.	7.20 p. m.
6:18 a. m.	8 10 a. m.	Sebastopol and	10.25 a.m.	10.30 a. m.
2:45 a. m.	3 37 p. m.	intermediates.	7.15 p.m.	7.20 p. m.
6.18 a. m.	8.10 a. m.	Guerneville and	.....	10.30 a. m
2:45 p. m.	.....	intermediates.	7.15 p.m.	7.20 p.m

H. C. WHITING, General Manager.

R. X. RYAN, Gen. Pass. Agent

Oats !
Oats !
Oats !

The Best Seed Oats in the market can be had at the lowest market price

SEED =SEEDS!=

- - - AT CLEWE'S.

THE UNION FEED AND Livery Stable,

GRANVILLE HARRIS, Poprietor.

SONOMA, - - - - - - - - - CALIFORNIA.

—o—

KEEPS GOOD TEAMS, FINE RIGS, and CAREFUL DRIVERS

Careful Attention Given Stock Left In Our Charge.

Horses Boarded By The Day, Week or Month

CHARGES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Stage Office of Southern Pacific Railroad.

NEWS ABOUT TOWN

Happenings of the Past Week in the Pioneer City.

PERSONAL MENTION.

George Spencer of San Francisco spent Sunday with friends here.

Willie Clewe spent a few days with friends in the city this week.

Mrs. H. Castagnasso spent Saturday with friends in San Francisco.

Mrs. Pauline McMullen of Santa Rosa is visiting her mother Mrs. A. Bates this week.

Mrs. Harris and little Spencer, spent Saturday and Sunday with friends in the city.

Several cords of wood will be accepted at the NEWS office in exchange for subscription.

Mrs. D. H. Twing came up Monday evening to console our energetic real estate agent for a few days.

John R. Carr who owns a little home here was up from San Francisco a few days the past week.

August Malstead of San Francisco was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. Fochetti Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Claude Johnson of San Francisco is visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Cheney this week.

Attorney Arthur E. Nathanson of San Francisco a former resident of this place was up Sunday visiting old friends.

Mr. J. H. Trager, of San Jose, recent student of the University of the Pacific, is visiting E. E. Thompson and family this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Clark of Alameda were the guests of Wm. Minkle's family last Saturday and Sunday. Mr. Clark is one of Alameda's taunch business men.

Mrs. John Stockwell and her mother spent several days in the city this week Mrs. Stockwell who is ill in health is taking a medical course of treatment.

J. J. Law who has been in constant care of his unfortunate wife, was taken sick the fore part of the week, which add much to the burdens of the family.

Reserve the last two evenings of this month, Tuesday and Wednesday for the Entertainment at Union Hall under the auspices of the Congregational ladies.

Ernest Campbell leaves to-day for San Francisco, where he takes a steamer Saturday for Honolulu. Mr. Campbell has a lucrative position awaiting him on the Island.

Laurence Pressley of Santa Rosa, son of the late Judge Pressley has been tendered a position in the office of Auditor and Recorder by Mr. Wright, when he takes his office.

A union service appropriate to the day, will be held in the Congregatiogal church of Sonoma, on Thanks-giving day at 11 o'clock a. m., Nov. 24th. The public is cordially invited to attend.

On Tuesday and Wednesday, 29th and 30th instant, at Union Hall, the Ladies Aid Society of the Congregational church will give an Entertainment with usual sale of useful and fancy articles.

On one of the evenings of the coming annual two day Winter Festival of the Ladies Aid Society of the Congregational church, the entertainment will be directed by Principal Weed of the High School.

Mrs. Chas. Van Geldern celebrated her 83 birthday on Tuesday by inviting several of her friends in for a social time. Mrs. Van Geldern is quite active for a lady of her age, and it is hoped that she may celebrate the occasion several times yet.

Dr. Davis T. J. McGimsey, H. Appleton and others are discussing the sociological questions of the day; especially those relating to the race war now raging in the southland; also how to deal with those confronting us as a nation, by the acquisition of territory. When these gentlemen reach a conclusion they promice to report. We certainly need light on the subject.

Death of James Ricci

James Ricci, who had been sick for a couple of weeks with throat trouble, died at his residence in this place Tuesday morning. The funeral was held at the Catholic church Wednesday at 2 o'clock p. m., after which the remains were interred in the Catholic cemetery.

Mr. Ricci was a native of Italy and about 46 years of age. He had lived in Sonoma quite a number of years. He leaves a wife and two children to mourn his loss.

A Good Appointment.

Vernon Goodwin, principal of the Sonoma public school has been tendered a deputiship in the county recorder,s office under the incoming administration. The appointment is an excellent one and does credit to Mr. Wright's conception of the efficiency the office demands. Mr. Goodwin has made one of the most efficient teachers the Sonoma school has had, and the directors will find it hard to fill his place. Mr. Goodwin will begin his new duties soon after the holidays.

Peter Hein, the good natured tender of the draw bridge across Sonoma creek, was in town this morning laying in supplies for the approaching rainy season and shaking hands with his friends.

Another Pioneer Departed.

John Snyder Maybee, one of the oldest settlers in Sonoma county, died at his residence in Petaluma last Sunday afternoon. Mr. and Mrs. Maybee were considered the oldest couple living in this section of the state.

Not Too Old to Wed.

Adelina Patti has concluded that she is young enough to take upon her self the cares and joys of matrimony again. This time it will be a Swedish barron who will be led to the alter about Christmas time.

The Best Way to Save Him.

A fellow by the name of Demartin was sent from Petaluma to the county jail this week, to serve a sentence of sixty days for insulting a Salvation Army lass, while he was in a state of intoxication.

Life Imprisonment.

Griffin, the fellow who wrecked the Southern Pacific train near Gelston station several weeks ago, to avenge one of the train men for throwing him from the train, was sentenced to life imprisonmen at San Quentin.

Thrown From a Car.

While switching cars at Guerneville a few days ago, Ernest Skillman, a brakeman, while attempting to set a brake was thrown from the top of a box car onto the track below. The car wheels passed over one of his feet crushing it badly.

Caught a Burglar.

Walter Munson was captured while trying to burglarize the residence of Joseph Hoppe at Petaluma last Sunday night. Mr. Hoppe heard the man at work in an adjoining room and made a decent upon the fellow and after a hard struggle succeeded in capturing him and turned him over to the police.

Enjoy Life While You Can.

The entertainment to be given by the ladies of the Congregational church on the 29th and 30th, promises to be one of the best they ever held. This is saying a great deal, for the entertainments given heretofore by those ladies have been of a high order and all that could have been desired. Economise time and curtail useless expenses and prepare to attend these social events.

The Mischief Maker.

We can but agree with an exchange which says. "Perhaps the most dangerous person in a community is the mischief-maker. He who from a depraved nature delights in reveling in discord, or stirs up strife that he may worm himself i to the good graces of one faction as a pretended friend and sympathizer and gain some temporary advantage or recompense. This kind of a person will keep a whole community in trouble. All the preachers, moralists and peacemakers of that neighborhood can not offset the work of one mischief-maker. He is an assassin by nature for he stabs in the back under the cover of darkness. He is a thief and a robber for he robs his community of that which is more precious than gold—peace and contentment, and oftimes reputation. He is disliked, hated and feared by every individual and his presence is like a shower bath in a cold day."

Laid to Rest.

The funeral of E. H. Wickersham whose death was announced last week took place from the Wickersham residence last Sunday at 11 a; m; under the auspices of the Masonic and Odd Fellows fraternities, of which orders he was an honored member. A very impressive service was conducted by the Rev. Chas. D. Millikin after which the remains were taken in charge by the Masons and Odd Fellows and conveyed to the Cypress Hill Cemetery at Petaluma.

Mr. Wickersham was a nephew of banker Wickersham of Petaluma, and although having lived in this community but a few years he had won the good will and respect of all with whom he came in contact. Mrs. Wickersham and her daughter have the deepest sympathy of this entire community.

IMPROVEMENTS.

Some important changes and improvements are being made in the NEWS office. Already a thousand dollars in presses, type and fixtures have been added to the mechanical department and the inside is to be materially changed to make room for new machinery, and the comfort and convenience of the operators. New floors are to be laid, ceiling, doors, paint and paper used to make the office shine. When completed it will be one of the best equipped and neatest printing plants in the county, and second to none in facilities for doing neat and rapid job work of all kinds.

Mr. W. R. Stammers of San Francisco, a lifelong printer and thorough news paper man; an artist in job printing will be on hand Monday next to take charge of the office and paper. He is a gentleman, attends strictly to business, and will make friends in Sonoma.

GLEN ELLEN GLEANINGS.

Supervisor and road overseer C. T. Putnam is doing some splendid work on the Glen Ellen streets, draining and graveling.

Henry Martens left yesterday and will take the steamer Australia for Hawaiin Islands to-day. His many friends wish him a pleasant and profitable trip.

M. K. Cady is making some improvements in his building in the way of carpenter work.

Owing to the scarcity of rain the creek is getting low. More rain would be of great benefit.

Dr. O'Donnell was in town last Sunday. The doctor takes his defeat in the late election very philosophically, and is consoled by the fact that there are others.

Albert Williams, brother of Mrs. Harry Weise is quite ill with consumption.

A magic lantern show was held at the Mervyn Hotel last Saturday evening. Not many attended.

Mrs. J. E. Johnson of Santa Rosa is moving onto the Warfield place, which she has leased of Geo. W. Johnson.

Charles Behler, who went to Butte, Montana in July has returned. Charley has been in ill health much of the time while gone.

Carlyle Silences a Watchman.

After several visits in Scotland during the summer of 1838, Carlyle went home again to Scotsbrig, writes Charles T. Copeland in The Atlantic. On his return thence he spent a few days in Manchester with Mrs. Hanning. "He had been put to sleep in an old bed, which he remembered in his father's house." "I was just closing my senses in sweet oblivion," wrote he, "when the watchman, with a voice like the deepest groan of the highland bagpipe or what an ostrich corncraik might utter, groaned out 'Groo-o-o-o!' close under me and set me all in a gallop again. 'Groo-o-o-o!' for there was no articulate announcement at all in it, that I could gather. 'Groo-o-o-o!' repeated again and again at various distances, dying out and then growing loud again for an hour or more.

"I grew impatient, bolted out of bed, flung up the window. 'Groo-o-o-o!' There he was, advancing, lantern in hand, a few yards off me. 'Can't you give up that noise?' I bastily addressed him. 'You are keeping a person awake. What good is it to go howling and groaning all night and deprive people of their sleep?' He ceased from that time—at least I heard no more of him. No watchman, I think, has been more astonished for some time back."

English Children and Negroes.

The negro is not so well known as one might expect, considering that geography is widely and often excellently taught in our primary schools. The ideas most frequently expressed concerning him are that he is black and a foreigner.

Here are some of the definitions: "A black man who lives in India." "A dark man who comes from America." "A negro is a slave we read of them in 'Uncle Tom's Cabin.'" "A gentleman who lives in a foreign country."

The country children are even more lively in their descriptions than the town children: "A negro is a foreign man with black skin all over him with thick lips and curly black hair he goes naked."

"A negro is a man and they live in a very hot country and they have little huts to live in." "A negro is a black man who acts in a circus."

"A negro is a man whose skin is always black, they are strong and they live in huts, and do not wear clothes and they shoot with a bow." "A negro is a man what eats missionarys." The Sunday school missionary stories and the traveling circus color the village children's ideas on negroes.—National Review.

Glycerin and Foreordination.

A glycerin man in conversation with a reporter the other day said that the majority of those who are engaged in the business of shooting wells believe in foreordination. "I think that a man will not die till his time comes," he said. "A man is liable to die at any calling, no matter how safe it may be considered. He will pass through all kinds of dangers and never sustain the slightest injury. Then he is knocked out of existence when he least expects it.

"Glycerin men have to be quite nervy, but there is not one of them who does not feel that he is in no great danger. They think they will live out their allotted time and will not be blown up until the predestined event is due. We are handling death every day and know it, but by the exercise of caution and common sense there are but few of us comparatively that are killed. The railroad men are much more liable to accidental death than glycerin men are."—Bradford (Pa.) Era.

Cheerful Antipodean Truth Teller.

An ex-sea captain, now living in Sydney, many years ago was in charge of a ship carrying some convicts. The convicts mutinied, murdered the crew and ordered the captain to navigate them to the islands, and, being a prudent man, he did so. When satisfied as to their course, the convicts deliberated, decided that he had behaved himself well and put him ashore on the first large island they came to. He was a musician and took his violin with him. A threatening crowd of savages greeted his arrival, but Orpheus played to them till they thought him a god, brought him unlimited pigs and yams and bowed in adoration. Finally he married the chief's daughter, succeeded him and ruled the island for years, till a ship called in and he sailed away.—Sydney Bulletin.

Must Have Been a Cannibal.

The writer of a book of travels, telling of the insect pests encountered in British Guiana, makes a statement of which the best that can be said is that is is probably not so bad as it sounds.

"One lady that I knew, while busy at her toilet, felt something crawling on her shoulder. She screamed and called her husband, and he had just time to knock the centiped off before biting her in the neck."

IT PAYS!!

Yes, it pays to trade at the Racket Store, Petaluma. There is where you get the best values in Clothing, Dry Goods, Underwear, Shoes etc. Just now they have some special values in men's suits at $5 each and a fine stock of overcoats that would do you good to see. Think of a satin lined chinchilla at $8.50 or a black beaver at $6.50 and the finest at $11.00; 115 overcoats still left.

Remember the place, Racket Petaluma.

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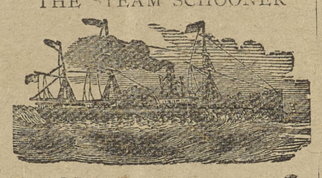

FOUR SISTERS.

THE FOUR SISTERS will make two trips a week to San Francisco, leaving Embarcadero on Monday and Thursday of each week. Shippers of fruit, wine, etc., can obtain terms by applying to owner at Jackson-street wharf, S. F., or at his residence at Embarcadero. P. O. address, Schellville, Cal.

CAPT. HAUTO, Proprietor

INFORMATION wanted of the whereabouts of JAMES M. TULLER, (supposed to be dead). Important. Write W. S. LOAR, Independence, Missouri.

For scroll work or ornamental wood-work of any kind call on Camm & Hedges, the principal lumber dealers of Petaluma.

Bucklens Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25c. per box. For sale by Ed. Wegner.

The Mysterious Passenger.

The captain of a vessel which was bringing to America in the fall of 1796 a mysterious passenger who had come aboard at Hamburg watched the latter so closely that at last the passenger said one day: "Sir, this is not the first occasion upon which I have observed the attentive scrutiny you bestow upon me. May I inquire the reason?"

"Sir," responded the candid captain, "you took passage on my ship as a Dane. I don't believe you're anything of the kind."

The passenger smiled. The smile was full of perspicacity and confidence and was followed with, "Pray, tell me, then, what you believe me to be."

At this question Captain Ewing fidgeted, hesitated and finally blurted out: "Well, to be honest, I think you are a gambler. You've well nigh ruined yourself at home and are now coming to fleece the fools you'll find on shore."

The young man's smile broadened. The next minute he turned grave again, lowered his voice and replied: "Captain Ewing, as you have studied me during this voyage so I have studied you. I have come to the conclusion that you are a man to be trusted. I am Louis Philippe, duc d'Orleans, eldest son of that Louis Philippe d'Orleans who was slain by the guillotine on the 7th of November, almost three years ago."—Argonaut.

Most of Them Paid.

A large company of easily gulled individuals was victimized a short time back in a small country town. By means of posters announcing a grand sacred concert and by a free distribution of complimentary tickets bearing on their face this condition, "No Gentleman Admitted Unless Accompanied by a Lady," a large audience was gathered at the theater. When the crowd began to press in through the doors, the ticket taker began shouting:

"All having complimentary tickets will please pass up stairs to the gallery."

This was a dark, dreary, hot place, not having the capacity for seating comfortably more than 100 people. Those who pressed forward with their tickets were told that if they did not wish to go to the gallery they could be admitted by paying a shilling apiece. Every man who appeared with a complimentary ticket of course had a lady with him and felt a sort of embarrassment if she were not his wife or intimate acquaintance, so he yielded to compulsion and paid rather than retire, and so the scheme succeeded to the extent of filling the house.—London Answers.

Your Tax

for the coming year on baking powder will be very light if you buy *Schilling's Best* and use only one heaping teaspoonful to a quart of flour.

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NEW ARRIVALS of

Toys, Dolls and Christmas Goods
Fine assortment, at prices corrisponding with our name.

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Parties having dried fruits for sale will consult their interests by calling on

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Highest Market Price Paid For Farm Produce.

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SONOMA NEWS $2.50 WEEKLY CALL

Address all orders to the NEWS, Sonoma, Cal.

CHURCH NOTICES.

Catholic Church. Rev. W. P. Quill Rector. Services: Sundays, 8:30 and 11 a. m.; week-days, 7:30 a. m. School immediately after the 11 o'clock mass.

Congregational Church. Rev. Charles D. Millikin, Minister. Services: Sunday at 11 a. m and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School 10 a. m., Mr. Charles Potter, Supt., Y. P. S. C. E. service 6:30 p. m.

Prayer Meeting, Wednesdays 2:30 p. m. Junior Endeavor Society Meeting, Friday 3:15 p. m.

Ladie's Aid Society, 2nd Thursday of each month.

Missionary Society, 2nd Tuesday of each month.

Methodist Episcopal Church. Rev. E. E. Thompson, Pastor. Preaching every Sabbath at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sabbath School at 10 a. m. Prayer Meeting on Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. Young People's Society of Epworth League at 6:30 p. m. on Sunday.

LODGE NOTICES.

A. O. U. W.

PUEBLO LODGE No. 168, meets every first and fourth Tuesday evening of each month at Odd Fellows' Hall.

F. & A. M.

TEMPLE LODGE No. 14, meets in the Masonic Hall on the Tuesday evening on or before the full moon in each month.

I. O. O. F.

SONOMA LODGE No. 28, meets at Odd Fellows' Hall every Saturday evening at 7:30 p. m.

REBEKAH DEGREE LODGE No. 99 meets in Odd Fellows' Hall, on the second and fourth Thursday of each month.

O. E. S.

VALLEY OF THE MOON CHAPTER No. 85, meets in Masonic Hall on the Thursday evening on or preceding the full moon of each month.

O. C. F.

SONOMA VINEYARD COUNCIL, No. 166, meets the first and third Friday of each month in Odd Fellows' Hall.

N. S. G. W.

SONOMA PARLOR, No. 111, meets every Monday evening at Odd Fellows' Hall.

Y. M. I.

No. 45 meets the first and third Wednesday of each month in Odd Fellows' Hall.

U. A. O. D.

SONOMA GROVE No. 75, meets the first and third Friday of each month in Odd Fellows' Hall.

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Affords superior advantages. Inquiries may be made through the editor of this paper, if desired. Handbook and New Patent Laws FREE.

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

WHAT CUBA'S LOSS MEANS TO SPAIN.

The loss of Cuba means to Spain the loss of every sustenance of the nation. In the same way the loss of your appetite means starvation to your body. If any reader of this notice wants to fully enjoy hearty meals, we can recommend Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It cures indigestion, dyspepsia, and constipation.

The Elliott surveying party, which left Klamath Falls a month ago to survey the boundary lines of the Klamath reservation, went as far north as Mount Scott and were there turned back by the snow.

When coming to San Francisco go to Brooklyn Hotel, 208-212 Bush street. American or European plan. Room and board $1.00 to $1.50 per day; rooms 50 cents to $1.00 per day: single meals 25 cents. Free coach. Chas. Montgomery.

Reports indicate that the yield of dry wines throughout California will be about 8,000,000 gallons as against 27,000,000 last year. Sweet wines show about half the product of last year.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund money if it fails to cure, 25c.

Sam Jackson, a Simcoe on the Yakima reservation, is a good Indian, and he is not dead either. He is industrious and law-abiding and harvested a large wheat crop this season.

$100 REWARD $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

FITS Permanently Cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for **FREE $2.00** trial bottle and treatise. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 930 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

I believe Piso's Cure is the only medicine that will cure consumption. — Anna M. Ross, Williamsport, Pa., Nov. 12, '95.

Hard on the Gentler Sex.

There is much of the slave and the tyrant hidden in the nature of woman. Thus woman is not yet capable of friendship, but only of love.

In the love of woman is injustice and blindness to all that she does not love.

There are two things a true man likes—danger and play. He likes woman because she is the most dangerous of playthings.

A man should be reared for the vocation of a warrior; a woman for the recreation of the warrior. All else is rubbish.

A woman's principle of honor is to love more than she is loved, so as not to be second.

In any game where love or hate is not at stake women play a mediocre part.

All women behind their personal vanity cherish an impersonal contempt for woman.

As a rule, a mother loves herself in her son more than the son himself.

The chief danger that besets artists of genius lies in woman. The worshiping woman is their ruin. Hardly one has character enough to resist his ruin when he finds himself treated like a god. Man is a coward in face of the ewig weibliche, and no one knows it better than the small woman.

Women indulge in literature as they commit a little sin, glancing round to see if any one is looking—i. e., to attract attention.—Henry Nietzsche in Academy.

He Wasn't Afraid.

Little Tommy and his younger sister were going to bed without a light. They had just reached the bottom of the stairs, when Tommy, after vainly endeavoring to pierce the darkness, turned round and asked:

"Ma, is it polite for a gentleman to precede a lady when they have to walk in single file?"

"No, my son," replied the mother, "the lady should always take the lead."

"I thought so," said Tommy delightedly; "go ahead, Sue."—Pearson's Weekly.

Badly Named.

Mr. Beerbohm Tree relates an amusing story about a boisterous voyage from New York. He was lying in his cabin. The luggage and fittings were flying round. The vessel was rolling terribly. Suddenly there was an extra special lurch. Mr. Tree was knocked to the floor by a heavy weight and lay half stunned. On fully recovering his senses he looked to see what it was that had felled him. It was an admirable contrivance and was marked, in bold letters, "Life Saving Apparatus."—London Globe.

St. Jacobs Oil cures Rheumatism.
St. Jacobs Oil cures Neuraliga.
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St. Jacosb Oil cures Backache.
St. Jacobs Oil cures Muscular Aches.

A Spoiled Child.

"What are you crying about now, dearie?" asked the fond mother. "Is there something—mamma's sweetest wants?"

"Yes."

"What is it?"

"I—I don't know! That's what I'm crying about!"—Indianapolis Journal.

The Morning Meal.

"Now, children," said the teacher, "what do you call the meal that you eat in the morning?"

"Oatmeal," promptly responded a number of the class.—What to Eat.

Scrofula
In the Blood

Scrofula lurks in the blood of almost every one and unless its poisonous taints are thoroughly expelled from the system, it is liable to break out at any time in sores, eruptions, hip disease or some other painful form. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures scrofula promptly and permanently.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Is America's Greatest Medicine. $1; six for $5.

Hood's Pills cure constipation. 25 cents.

CORONATION OATHS.

Solemn Promises Made by Rulers on Ascending the Throne.

On Sept. 6, 1898, the coronation of Queen Wilhelmina of Holland occurred, when she took the following oath:

"I swear to the people of the Netherlands to always maintain and observe the constitution of the kingdom. I swear to defend and preserve with all my power the independence and integrity of the territory of the kingdom, to protect the public and private liberty and the rights of all my subjects, and to employ for the maintenance and progress of public and private prosperity all the means which the laws may place at my disposal, as a good queen ought to do. So help me God."

Before the king of Belgium takes possession of the throne he swears in the presence of the united chambers "to observe the constitution and the laws of the Belgian people, to maintain the national independence and the integrity of the territory."

The king of Denmark, in the presence of the council of state, swears to observe inviolably the constitution of the kingdom. And the king of Italy, before the essembled chambers, swears to observe loyally the present constitution.

In Portugal the sovereign oath is: "I swear to be faithful to the Catholic, apostolic and Roman religion; to preserve the integrity of the kingdom; to observe, and cause to be observed, the political constitution of the Portuguese nation, the other laws of the nation, and to provide for the general good of the kingdom, to the best of my ability."

"I promise and swear to govern the kingdom of Norway in conformity with the constitution and the laws. So help me God, and His holy word." This is the oath which the king of Norway makes before the storthing.

The President of the United States, before he enters upon office, takes the following oath of affirmation: "I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the office of President of the United States and will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect and defend the constitution of the United States."

Finally, to quote but one other example of royal oath taking, there is the oath which our most gracious sovereign took at the time of her coronation.

This ran as follows:

Archbishop—Madam, is your majesty willing to take the oath?

Queen—I am willing.

Archbishop—Will you solemnly promise and swear to govern the people of this United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and the dominion thereto belonging according to the statutes in parliament agreed on, and the respective laws and customs of the same?

Queen—I solemnly promise to do so.

Archbishop—Will you to your power cause law and justice in mercy to be executed in all your judgments?

Queen—I will.

Archbishop—Will you to the utmost of your power maintain the laws of God, the true profession of the Gospel and the Protestant reformed religion established by law? And will you maintain and preserve inviolably the settlement of the United Church of England and Ireland, and the doctrine, worship, discipline and government thereof, as by law established within England and Ireland and the territories thereto belonging? And will you preserve unto the bishops and clergy of England and Ireland, and to the churches there committed to their charge, all such rights and privileges as by law do, and shall, appertain to them, or any of them?

Queen—All this I promise to do. The things which I have herebefore promised I will perform and keep. So help me God.—London Mail.

Massachusetts claims to have more different kinds of native trees than any kingdom in Europe, the number exceeding fifty, among them being nine large oaks.

In order to preserve the colors of plants it is necessary to kill the specimens quickly, and this can be effected by plunging them for a few seconds in boiling water. If a plant is allowed to die slowly, the colors of its leaves and flowers will gradually fade. A writer in Meehan's Monthly says that some succulent plants will live for months after being placed between the drying leaves of an herbarium, and finally dry up and turn black.

A new form of electric lamp, from which important practical results are anticipated, has been devised by Prof. Nernst, of the University of Gottingen. It has a filament composed of magnesia mixed with rare earths in place of the ordinary carbon filament, and no vacuum is needed as in other incandescent lamps. But the filament is non-conducting when cold, so that it must first be warmed before a current will pass and cause it to glow. The chief practical difficulty is the original warming of the filament.

In northern Russia the month of October is characterized by features so remarkable that it is reckoned as a fifth season, coming between autumn and winter, and called the rasputnya season. It is nearly coincident in time with our Indian summer, but is more regular in its occurrence, and lasts longer. The word "rasputnya," says Mr. Trevor-Battye, a recent traveler in Russia, means "the separation of the roads." During the season bearing this name the country is impassable, owing to the thawing of the first frosts and the blocking of the streams with broken ice. The land resembles a quagmire, and even the government postal service is suspended for a month.

The idea of Admiral Makaroff, the Russian explorer, that a powerful steamer can be forced directly to the north pole is rather startling, yet it has a basis of experience. Ice-breakers have been used since 1864 in Russia, and, in their improved American form, with two screws at the stern and one at the stem, have been made very powerful, so that the Ste. Marie, of three thousand horse power, easily sails through ice two and one-half feet thick, piercing ice-walls fifteen feet high. Admiral Makaroff believes that an ice-breaker of twenty thousand horse power should penetrate to the pole in twelve days from latitude 78 degrees north, forcing a passage through ice from four to seven feet thick.

In consequence of some experiments made in England, shopkeepers are warned of the danger of allowing inflammable goods to get into contact with the bulbs of incandescent electric lamps. The wide-spread notion that such lamps are practically free from heat is erroneous. A sixteen candle-power electric lamp immersed in half a pint of water will cause the water to boil within an hour. If buried in cotton-wool it will set the latter aflame. Celluloid placed in contact with an electric lamp bulb was set on fire in less than five minutes.

THE KAISER OFF DUTY.

Insight Into the Private Life of the Emperor.

The imperial family have been leading a delightfully quiet, unconstrained life at Wilhelmshohe, rare enough event, and just what the Kaiser and his wife enjoy. His Majesty has even been wearing civilian's dress, a thing he hardly ever does. He wore alternately a black serge suit and a knockabout pepper-and-salt jacket suit of rough tweed, with a collar a la Prince of Wales, and a large navy plastron tie. The Kaiser sported a plain straw hat with black band generally, but occasionally chose a small soft black cloth hat, and in this every-day attire he was frequently passed in Cassel unrecognized, to his intense amusement.

Almost at break of day the German ruler and his family were up and about. The Kaiser only allowed himself twenty minutes for his toilet, and punctually at 7 all met for morning coffee in the dining room, the Kaiserin pouring out for her husband and sons like any other hausfrau. After breakfast the Kaiser rode with his sons, or took a long walk till luncheon; then his Majesty superintended the swimming or riding lessons of the younger boys, frequently standing in the center of the riding school with a long whip, a la circus manager to assist in taking the jumps. In the afternoon the Kaiser and his wife went arm-in-arm round the farm, where her Majesty fed the chickens and pigeons with the assistance of princesschen, inspected the dairies and tasted the butter. The young princes looked for eggs, helped to gather fruit and enjoyed their holidays like any farmer's sons home from school.

Dinner was at 6; before and after the meal the Kaiser retired to his study for an hour or two to settle the affairs of the fatherland, while the Kaiserin drove her pony carriage, with her small daughter at her side, into Cassel, where she did shopping. Every evening was devoted to music. The Kaiserin, who is a very fair pianist—though not the magnificent performer the women's papers say she is—played Wagner and Bach to her husband, and accompanied her eldest son, who is becoming an excellent violinist. At 10 o'clock the eldest boys retired, and by 11 o'clock all the lights were extinguished in Schloss Wilhelmshohe.—London Society.

"Style" in the Klondike.

Mrs. Nellie Humphrey, of Spokane, invested $2,000 in dainty feminine apparel and took it to Dawson over Chilcoot Pass. She spent a month there, selling her stock at such high prices that she really surprised herself. Shoes brought $50, dresses $200 each, and hats from $10 to $150. Her trip netted her about $10,000 above expenses.

Not satisfied with this, Mrs. Humphrey purchased another assortment of lingeries, laces, and silks, and started again for the Klondike metropolis. She told friends just before starting that she expected to return in four months with a sack containing $65,000 in gold dust, which she should receive, judging by her former experience.

Mrs. Humphrey said that when she arrived in Dawson the streets there, contrary to her expectations, were thronged by stylishly dressed women, many of them being just as refined as any in the States. All were very particular regarding their personal appearance, the only thing that bothered them being that there was not enough finery to go around until she arrived with her stock. She expects to come out over the ice early next year.—Tacoma Correspondence San Francisco Call.

An Honest King.

Whoever reads the following must own to a feeling of respect for the honest king. King Frederick VI. of Denmark, while traveling through Jutland, one day entered a village school, and found the children lively and intelligent, and quite ready to answer his questions.

"Well, youngsters," he said, "what are the names of the greatest Kings of Denmark?"

With one accord they cried out, "Canute the Great, Waldemar and Christian IV."

Just then a little girl, to whom the schoolmaster had whispered something, stood up and raised her hand.

"Do you know another?" asked the king.

"Yes; Frederick VI."

"What great act did he perform?"

The girl hung her head and stammered out, "I don't know."

"Be comforted, my child," said the king; "I don't know, either."

A Strange League.

Young China has formed a strange league, but a sensible one. It seems that certain up to date young men have come to the conclusion that the "lily feet" which have so charmed susceptible young men for centuries past in the Celestial empire are not really admirable—in fact, that they are nothing more or less than a hideous deformity.

Having arrived at this conclusion, they have banded themselves together and taken a vow that they will not marry girls with compressed pedal extremities. As a Chinaman's great ambition is to marry off his daughters as speedily as possible, the wishes of eligible Ah Sins respecting the size of ladies' feet will certainly be considered, and no doubt in the future large-footed brides will be plentiful enough.

A married man watched a couple going to church to be married. "I wish," he said, "I had what they are going to throw away."

Beauty may be only skin deep, but it invariably manages to get a seat in a crowded car.

THE DUTY OF MOTHERS.

Daughters Should be Carefully Guided in Early Womanhood.

What suffering frequently results from a mother's ignorance; or more frequently from a mother's neglect to properly instruct her daughter!

Tradition says "woman must suffer," and young women are so taught. There is a little truth and a great deal of exaggeration in this. If a young woman suffers severely she needs treatment and her mother should see that she gets it.

Many mothers hesitate to take their daughters to a physician for examination; but no mother need hesitate to write freely about her daughter or herself to Mrs. Pinkham and secure the most efficient advice without charge. Mrs. Pinkham's address is Lynn, Mass.

The following letter from Miss MARIE F. JOHNSON, Centralia, Pa., shows what neglect will do, and tells how Mrs. Pinkham helped her:

"My health became so poor that I had to leave school. I was tired all the time, and had dreadful pains in my side and back. I was also troubled with irregularity of menses. I was very weak, and lost so much flesh that my friends became alarmed. My mother, who is a firm believer in your remedies from experience, thought perhaps they might benefit me, and wrote you for advice. I followed the advice you gave, and used Lydia E Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills as you directed, and am now as well as I ever was. I have gained flesh and have a good color. I am completely cured of irregularity."

The Minnow Trap.

The minnow trap used for catching minnows for bait is of glass, shaped like a jar or a bottle without a neck and of a capacity of six or eight quarts. The bottom of the trap rises in a cone, like the bottom of a champagne bottle, but instead of being solid the top of the cone is cut off, making an opening in the trap. The top of the trap has over it a metal cap on a hinge. The cap is perforated with a number of holes to permit of the circulation of water through the trap.

The minnow trap is slung horizontally in a wire holder, which has a handle on top, to which a rope is made fast. Suitable bait to attract minnows is placed in the trap, which is then lowered into the water. The cone with the opening at the inner end in the bottom is in effect like the opening into an eel or fish trap. It is easy for the minnows to get through it into the trap in search of the bait, but hard for them to get out. When the trap has been raised, the captured minnows are got out by opening the cap at the other end of the trap.—New York Sun.

Vegetarian Crocodiles.

A report by George Hoare, one of the officials of the British Central Africa protectorate, summarized in the local gazette, contains some curious details of the crocodiles of Lake Chiuta. They would seem to be strict vegetarians, for not only have they never been known to attack the men fishing in the lake, but their tracks were shown by the natives to the writer at a distance of several miles from its shores, whence they are said to travel overland in search of roots. This is contrary to the habits of all known species of crocodiles, which are, in the first place, purely carnivorous, and, in the second, so helpless on land from their inability to turn, except in a large circle, that they never leave the immediate vicinity of their watery or muddy home. Efforts will accordingly be made to obtain a specimen of this abnormal type of the formidable amphibian.—London Tablet.

Cold weather is just as apt to affect the nerves as any other part of the body, and Neuralgia sets in. St. Jacobs Oil is just as certain to cure it as it cures all the pains and aches of the body.

The Pony Express.

W. F. Bailey contributes to The Century an article on "The Pony Express," between St. Joseph, Mo., and San Francisco. Mr. Bailey says:

At first the schedule was fixed at 10 days, an average of 8 miles an hour from start to finish. This was cut down to 8 days, requiring an average speed of 10 miles. The quickest trip made was in carrying President Lincoln's inaugural address, which was done in 7 days and 17 hours, an average speed of 10.7 miles per hour, the fastest time of any one rider being 120 miles, from Smith's Creek to Fort Churchill, by Pony Bob, in 8 hours and 10 minutes, or 14.7 miles per hour. Considering the distance and difficulties encountered, such as hostile Indians, road agents, floods and snowstorms, and accidents to horses and riders, the schedule was maintained to an astonishing degree. The service created the greatest enthusiasm not only among the employees, but also in the ranks of stage employees, freighters and residents along the route. To aid a "pony" in difficulty was a privilege, and woe be to the man who would so much as throw a stone in the way.

The Neapolitan and His Horse.

The Italians are not remarkable for kindness to animals, but rather the reverse. They have, however, a story of a Neapolitan driver notorious for his ill treatment of his horse. After death the man presented himself at the gate of paradise, but was refused admittance. He was recommended, however, to apply at the neighboring paradise of animals, if haply he might find favor there. The driver did so, and, lo, the door was opened to him by the very same poor, starved, wornout old hack on which he had been wont to shower his blows and curses, now transformed into a celestial steed of wondrous beauty. But, alas, the horse had not yet learned forgiveness, and here, too, the driver met with rejection.—Westminster Review.

What He Had on His Mind.

He—There is something I have wanted to say to you for a long, long time.

She (demurely)—Well, don't—don't you think this is as good a time as—as any to say it?

He—That mole on the left side of your nose—I know a surgeon who can remove such things without a bit of danger.

They adjourned sine die that evening.—Chicago News.

A QUEER CALCULATION.

The Power That Would Be Required to Move the Earth.

Statisticians sometimes have queer ideas. One of them has amused himself by calculating how much energy, water and coal it would take to move the earth a foot, supposing that it was subjected throughout its mass to a force equivalent to terrestrial gravitation. This is a gratuitous supposition, for in spite of its enormous mass the earth weighs nothing.

Starting with the fact that the earth's mass is about 6,100 million-million-million tons, our statistician calculates that we should require 70,000,000,000 years for a 10,000 horsepower engine to move our globe a foot. The boiler that should feed this engine would vaporize a quantity of water that would cover the whole face of the globe with a layer 300 feet deep. The vaporization of this water would require 4,000 million-million tons of coal. This coal carried in cars holding ten tons each and having a total length of 30 feet, would require 400 million-million cars, which would reach 80,000,000 times around the earth. This train, moving at the rate of 40 miles an hour, would take more than 5,000,000 years to traverse its own length. It would require for storage a shed that would cover 1,000 times the area of Europe.

If we realize that this fantastically huge amount of energy is nothing at all compared with what the earth possesses in virtue of its rotation about its axis, its revolution about the sun, and its translation in space with the solar system, of which the earth is but an infinitesimal part and which itself is but an infinitesimal part of the universe, we may get some idea of the importance of man in the universe and estimate his incommensurable pride at its just value. —Nature.

Women Guides In Berlin.

A Berlin paper thus speaks of the women guides employed in that city:

"They are partly elderly, partly middle aged ladies, with a certain amount of knowledge of the world, some acquaintance with languages and an assured and amiable demeanor, to whose care lone female travelers or the lady traveling parties recently imported from Scandinavia and America intrust themselves. Most of these resolute persons are Russians or Austrians."

When They Knew Him.

"There are plenty of women who would be glad to get me," he said.

"Very likely," she replied pointedly, "but none of them would care to keep you after she once had you."

He went outdoors to say what he wanted to say after that thrust. He felt that he couldn't do justice to it in the house.—Chicago Post.

Caughey—Who on earth is trying to play the piano, Caroline?

Mrs. Caughey (proudly)—It is Arabella. She is learning to read music.

Caughey (testily)—Well, ask her if it is necessary to read it aloud.—Stray Stories.

No household is complete without a bottle of the famous Jesse Moore Whiskey. It is a pure and wholesome stimulant recommended by all physicians. Don't neglect this necessity.

Cheap Injury.

Casey—Shure, an it's th' unlucky mon Oi am!

Clancy—Unlucky be dom'd! Hov'n't yez kim out av th' wreck wid only a broken arm?

Casey (sarcastically)—An for which Oi only git foive hundred dollars! Thim fellies thot wor kilt git foive thousand.

A crop of sprains and bruises is harvested from outdoor sports. The cure is the crop St. Jacobs Oil delights in as the triumph of the season, the one that beats the record.

A Type of His Class.

"I see you've still got your old office boy."

"Yes."

"Improves with age, does he?"

"Well, he seems to get fresher every day."—Philadelphia Record.

THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS

is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

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How to Get Strong

A system which has become run down by the trying weather of the past summer is not in a condition to meet the severe winter of this climate and will easily fall a prey to disease unless a proper tonic is used.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are the best medicine in the world for building up and strengthening an enervated system.

Do not confuse these pills with ordinary purgative pills. They do NOT act on the bowels, thereby further weakening the body. They build up the blood and strengthen the nerves.

Major A. C. Bishop, of 715 Third Ave., Detroit, Mich., is a well-known civil engineer. He says: "When I had my last spell of sickness and came out of the hospital I was a sorry sight. I could not regain my strength, and could not walk over a block for several weeks. I noticed some articles in the newspapers regarding Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, which convinced me that they were worth trying and I bought two boxes. I did not take them for my complexion but for strength. After using them I felt better, and know they did me worlds of good. I am pleased to recommend them to invalids who need a tonic or to build up a shattered constitution."—*Detroit Free Press.*

At all druggists or direct from the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N.Y. Price fifty cents per box.

DANGEROUS PIGS.

The Peccary Is Wholly Fearless and Will Fight Man or Beast.

A writer in the St. Louis Republic says that the most vicious and fearless member of the brute creation is the peccary, or wild hog, of Mexico. This animal seems utterly devoid of fear and displays an intelligence in fighting man strangely at variance with its apparently complete lack of mental attributes.

Their ability to scent men is particularly marked. The only thing to do when they get after you is to run away from them as fast as a horse can carry you, and then there is no certainty that they won't catch you. They are nearly as swift as a horse, and their endurance is as great as their viciousness.

A friend of mine encountered a drove of them in a wild part of Mexico a few years ago, and his escape was almost miraculous. He very foolishly shot and wounded a number of them. Then he took refuge in a tree.

The peccaries kept him in the tree all that day and through the night. They circled round the tree, grunting and squealing their delight at the prospect of a feast. He soon exhausted his ammunition and brought down a peccary at each fire, but this had no terrors for the beasts.

Toward morning they began to eat those he had killed, after which they formed in line and trotted off. If they had not had some of their own number to devour, they would have guarded that tree until my friend, through sheer exhaustion, dropped from his perch and allowed them to make a meal of him.

The wildcats and tigers that infest the Mexican wilds flee from the peccaries with instinctive fear, and even rattlesnakes keep out of their path.

A Bit of London Weather.

Our weather is grown decidedly good for the last three days—very brisk, clear and dry. Before that it was as bad as weather at any time need be. Long continued plunges of wet, then clammy, glarry days on days of half wet (a kind of weather peculiar to London, and fully uglier than whole wet)—a world of black sunless pluister [a soft mixture, neither one thing nor another], very unpleasant to move about in! The incessant travel makes everything mud here, in spite of all that clats [a clat, a wooden scraper] and besoms can do. A kind of mud, too, which is as fine as paint and actually almost sticks like a kind of paint. I took, at last, into the country, with old clothes and trousers folded up. There the mud was natural mud, and far less of it; indeed little of it in comparison with other country. We dry again in a single day of brisk wind.—Carlyle Cor. in Atlantic.

Not Very Pathetic.

An Ohio woman visiting Boston for the first time has been doing the sights. "I had my greatest thrill down at Copp's Hill burying ground," she said.

"Yes, that's just the place for the historic emotions," commented her interlocutor. She smiled.

"As soon as my sister-in-law and I got into the place," she said, "I found myself almost stepping upon a grave with an inscription on a queer little iron cover sort of tomb. I jumped back, feeling the way you do when you step on a grave, and read the inscription, just three initials, no name or date. 'Isn't it pathetic?' I said to my sister-in-law. 'Oh, I don't know,' she answered, 'B. W. W. means Boston Water Works.'"—Boston Transcript.

Hourglasses In a London Church.

Nearly everybody is aware that at one time it was the custom in many churches to regulate the length of the sermon by an hourglass, which stood on the pulpit immediately fronting the preacher. Quite a number of these curious relics are preserved in various ecclesiastical edifices throughout the land, but the British and Foreign Sailors' church, situated in what was formerly Ratcliff highway, is the only one possessing four. They are in perfect preservation, and are fixed all together in a framework of solid brass.—London Tit-Bits.

Colored Cotton.

Peruvian cotton grows in 12 different colors, running from white to a rich dark red. Each color produces when the seed is planted the same color.

It is said that 95 per cent of Chinese children suffer from throat worms, which is attributed to bad weather and eating vegetables raw.

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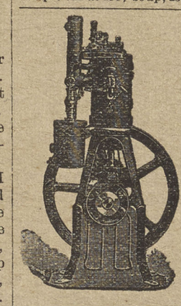

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